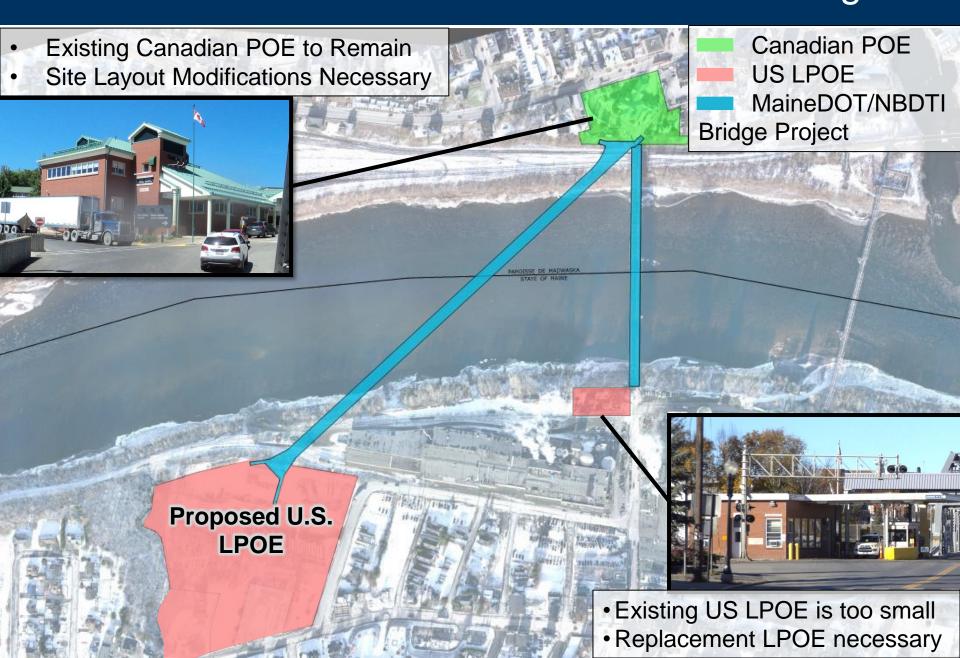


- Feasibility study considered 12 different crossing locations
- 6 crossing locations were shortlisted
- Focus on maintaining a crossing in the downtown business zone that also provided pedestrian access across the border



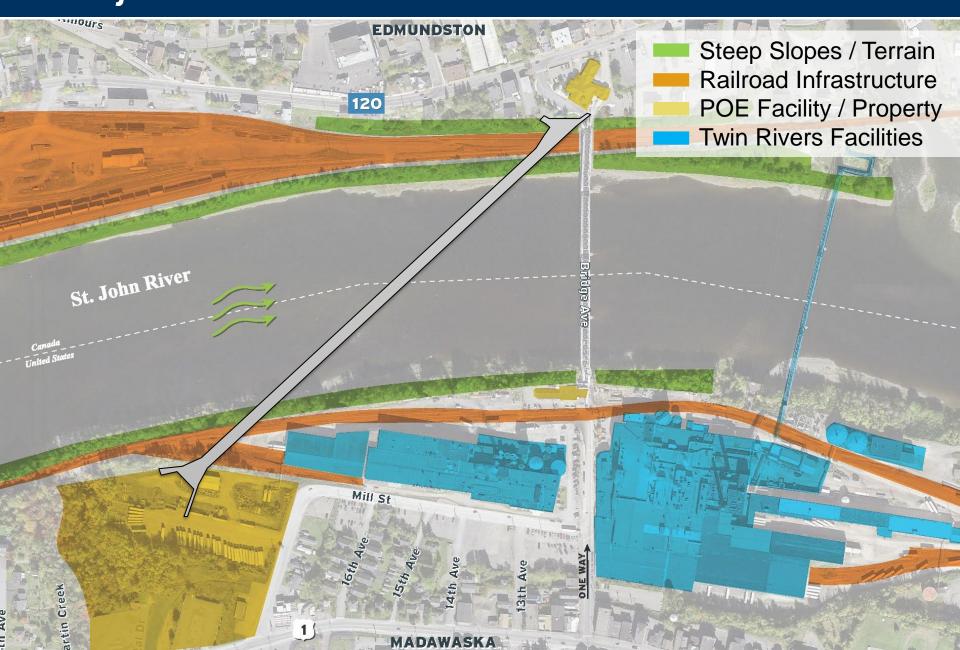
Project Background – Existing Bridge



- Built in 1920
- 4 Span Truss
- 14'-4" Vert. Clearance
- Currently Weight Restricted to 5-Tons
- Traffic maintained on the existing bridge during construction

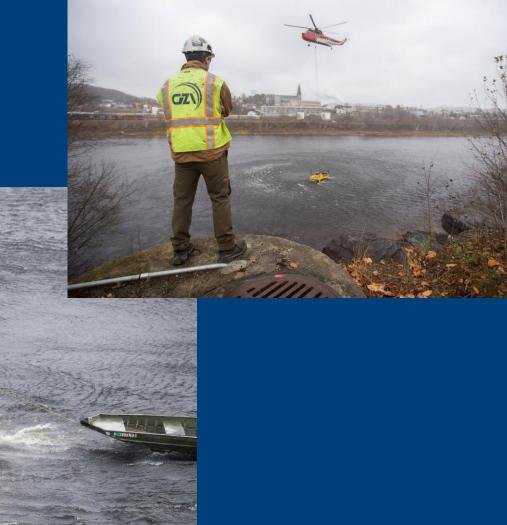


Project Site Overview

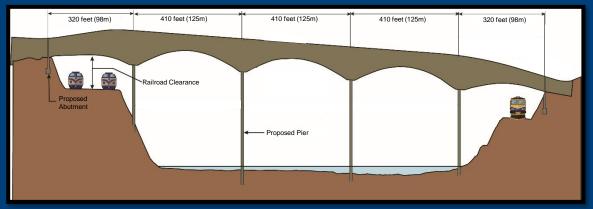


Project Site Overview

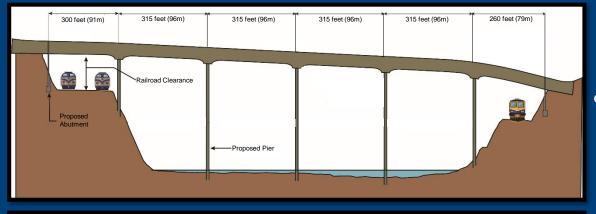
2019 Geotechnical Boring Program



Alternatives Overview— Initial Alternatives

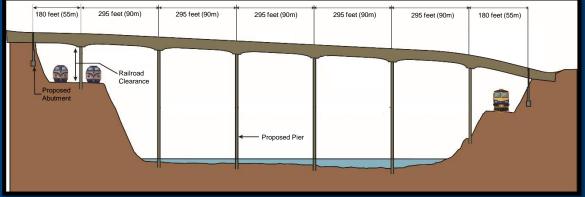


5-Span



6-Span





7-Span

Alternatives Overview— Initial Alternatives



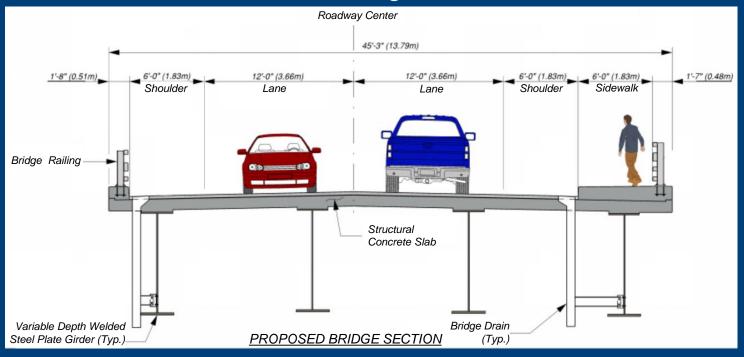




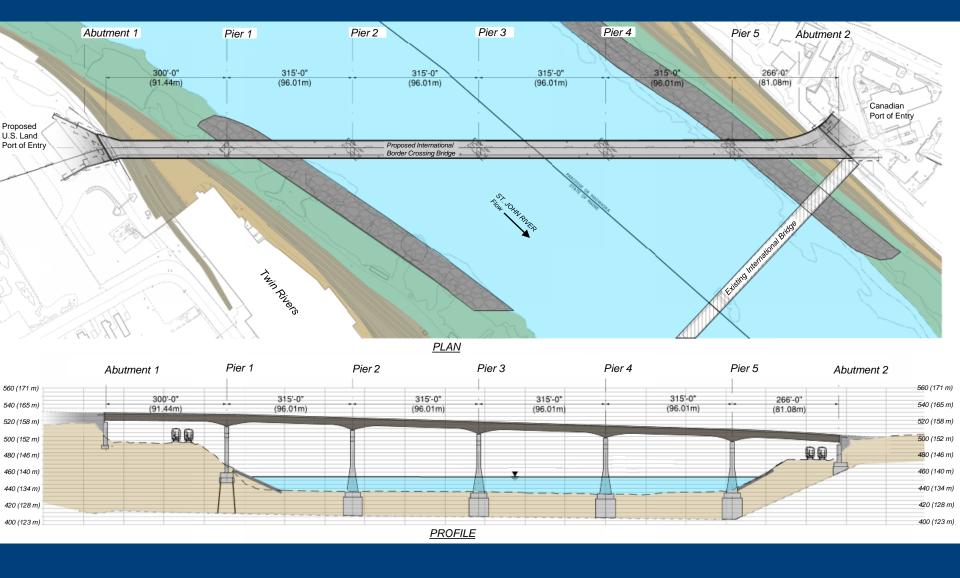


Preferred Alternative

- 6-span Steel Girder Structure
 - Faster Construction (6 Months Quicker)
 - Lower Cost (~\$2 Million USD Less)
 - Lower Risk (Less impacted by railroad schedule, winter construction, and availability of skilled workforce)
 - Traffic Maintained On-Site During Construction



Preferred Alternative



International Coordination

U.S. Stakeholders:

- General Services Administration (GSA) (construct new LPOE)
 - Customs & Border Protection (CBP)
- Federal Highway (\$36 million INFRA Grant)
- U.S. Coast Guard (lead permitting agency)
- Town of Madawaska (utility relocation & aesthetics)
- Maine Northern Railroad (access agreements & relocations)
- Twin Rivers Paper Company (access agreements & relocations)

New Brunswick Stakeholders:

- New Brunswick Department of Transportation & Infrastructure
- Canada Border Services Agency (access agreements & upgrades)
- City of Edmundston (utility relocation & aesthetics)
- Canadian National Railway (access agreements and relocations)
- First Nations (environmental coordination & oversite)

International Coordination

- Environmental Permitting
 - Coast Guard Bridge Permit
 - International Joint Commission
 - Sulfide-Bearing Rock
 - Any rock with sulfur content greater than 0.3% by weight and with a neutralization potential ratio less than 3.0%
 - Cannot be used to armor riverbanks temporarily or permanently
 - · Contractor will sample quarry source using a two-step process:
 - Screen for total sulfur content.
 - Those with greater than 3% are subject to Sobec acid-base accounting procedure
 - No less than 3 samples per 100 cubic yards.
 - In-Water Trestle Removal
 - Removal of components above elevation 450.0' seasonally
 - Flooding/Ice damming concerns
 - Tree Clearing & Nesting Migratory Birds
 - First Nations Inspections
- Border Crossing during a pandemic

Contractor In Design Process

- Engaged contractors during final design
 - Requested letters of interest from contractors to participate
 - Only contractors who participate in the CID process can bid as a prime contractor
 - Cianbro, Reed & Reed, and Caldwell & Ross
- Purpose is to identify, discuss, and try to mitigate risk items that will impact cost and schedule
 - In-water piers
 - Trestle construction
 - Deck placement sequencing
 - Site access on GSA property
- Held Group and 1 on 1 Meetings
 - Reviewed 60%, 90%, and 98% plan sets

